## DRAFT Bike Walk Central Corridor Action Plan



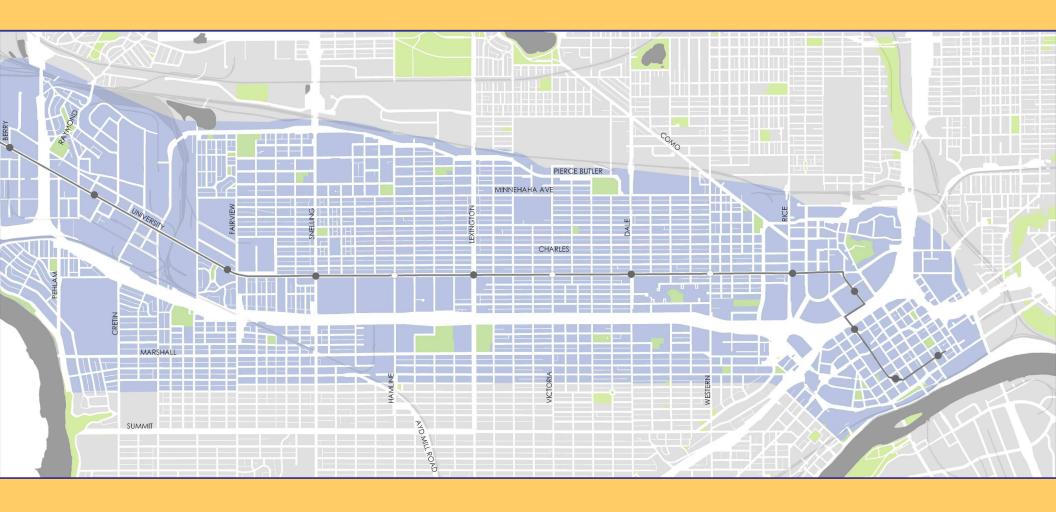
AN IMPLEMENTATION PLAN OF THE CENTRAL CORRIDOR DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY AND STATION AREA PLANS



## Study Area Boundaries:

- Western City Border (Emerald Street)
- Pierce Butler Route

- Selby Avenue
- Downtown (roughly to Lafayette Bridge)



#### Process

- Partnership between City Departments, community stakeholders
- Outreach through traditional meetings and nontraditional methods

#### Context

- Foundation Plans
- Studied existing conditions and barriers for both bicycle and pedestrian mobility
- Refine previous planning efforts to determine priorities based on the stated objectives

#### Content

- Goals & Objectives
- Bike Framework
- Walk Framework
- Priorities
- Illustrated Glossary



## Bike Framework

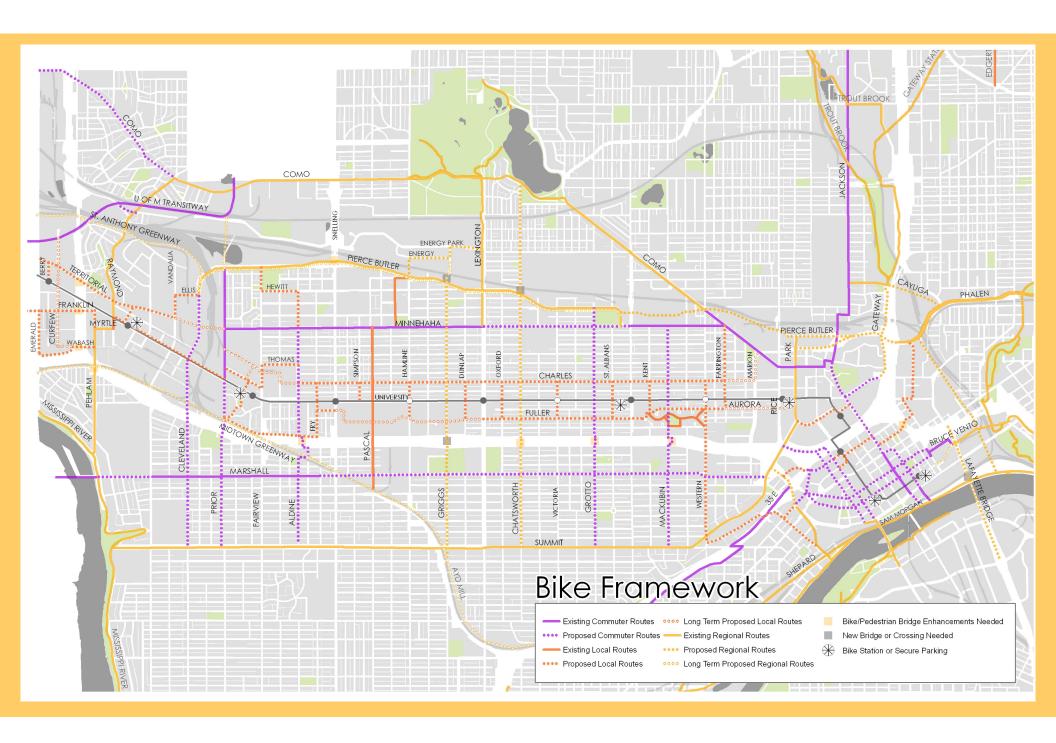
- Connects the Corridor to the greater city/region
- East-west and north-south movement
- Provides fine-grained connections from the route network to LRT on local streets
- Serves all levels of cyclists
- Creates a legible system
- Provides alternatives to University
   Avenue during and after construction

	Purpose:	Provide connections to the citywide or regional trail system
EGIONA	PRIMARY USERS:	All users, novice to experienced
	Focus:	Shared transportation and recreation function; safety, user experience, improved travel time, and route continuity
	PREFERRED TREATMENTS:	Bike lanes and/or off-road trails
	SIGNAGE TYPE:	Informational kiosks, route sign, directional, button
	Crossings:	Bicycle priority at minor crossings, signalized major crossings and all crossings downtown
MANUTER	Examples:	Raymond Avenue, Summit Avenue, Pierce Butler Route, Sam Morgan Trail, Bruce Vento Trail
	Purpose:	Provide transportation routes for daily trips
	PRIMARY USERS:	Average to experienced users
	Focus:	Transportation; improved travel time, and route continuity; continuous movement across barriers
	PREFERRED TREATMENTS:	Bike lanes, sharrows
	SIGNAGE TYPE:	Route sign, directional, button
	Crossings:	Bicycle priority at minor crossings, signalized major crossings and all crossings downtown
ŏ	Examples:	Como Avenue, Minnehaha Avenue, Jackson Street, Sibley Street, 5th Street, 6th Street
_	Purpose:	Provide guiet routes for short trips, make connections to/from the bikeway system to local destinations and transit
<	PRIMARY USERS:	All users, novice to experienced
	Focus:	Short neighborhood connections linking commuter and regional routes to destinations
·	PREFERRED TREATMENTS:	Bike boulevard
0	SIGNAGE TYPE:	Neighborhood traffic circles for wayfinding, route sign, directional, button
	Crossings:	Bicycle priority at minor crossings (stop signs), median refuges at major crossings
	Examples:	Charles Avenue, Fuller Avenue, Aurora Avenue, 9th Street, 10th Street, Smith Avenue

•		
Z	Purpose:	Secure storage and facilities at local and major destinations, and at transit stations/stops
	PRIMARY USERS:	All users, novice to experienced
¥	Focus:	A mix of short- and long-term storage to meet a variety of parking demands
~	Types of Facilities:	Racks, lockers, covered parking; full bike "station" with secure storage, showers, bike repair, bike rentals
4	Examples:	Union Depot, Fairview Station Area, Raymond Station Area
۵		

# Bike Framework: Hamline, Victoria, and Western





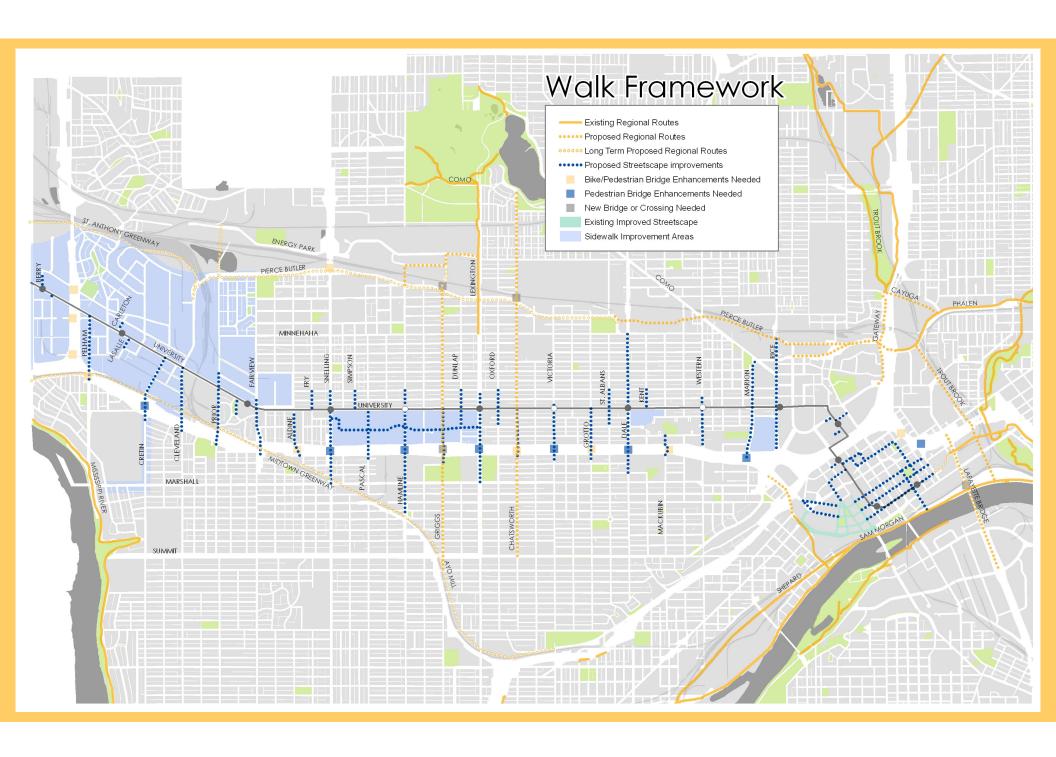
## Walk Framework

- Based strongly in Universal Design principles
- Increase functional sidewalk width
- Add pedestrian-scale lighting, especially on bridges
- Use non-visual information to create safe crossings
- Apply appropriate signal timing
- Complete the street and sidewalk system

REGIONAL	Purpose: Focus: Preferred Treatments: Signage Type: Examples:	Provide connections to the citywide or regional trail system  Shared transportation and recreation function; safety, user experience, and route continuity  Off-road trails  Informational kiosks, route sign, directional, button  Mississippi River Trail, Sam Morgan Trail, Bruce Vento Trail, Phalen Boulevard, Trout Brook Trail
SIDEWALR	Purpose: Focus: Preferred Treatments: Examples:	Add missing sidewalks and walkways to fill gaps in pedestrian connectivity  Shared transportation and recreation function; year-round safety, user experience, and route continuity  New sidewalks or walkways  West Midway Industrial area, Midway Shopping Center, Sears Redevelopment site
STREETSCAPE IMPROVEMENT	Purpose: Focus: Preferred Treatments: Examples:	Maintain and enhance streetscapes to create more comfortable and attractive streets Safety, user experience Pedestrian-scale lighting, street trees, benches, amenities Bridges over Interstate 94, 5th Street, 6th Street, Streets accessing LRT station platforms
B R I D G E	Purpose: Focus: Preferred Treatments: Examples:	Maintain and enhance bridges to create more comfortable and attractive pathways  Safety, user experience  Pedestrian-scale lighting, 14'-wide shared path  Bridges over Interstate 94 and Highway 280, Lafayette Bridge

## Walk Framework: Hamline, Victoria, and Western





## Priorities:

## **Bikeway System Priorities**

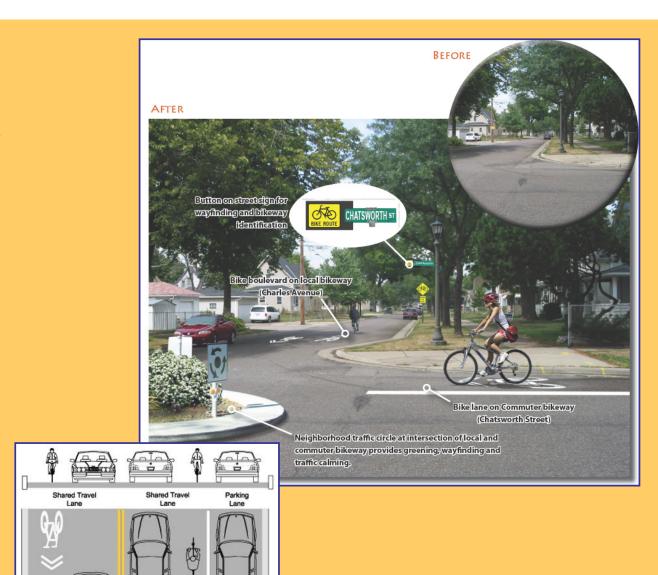
- Charles bike boulevard, refuge islands at major streets
- Griggs bike lanes/bike boulevard from Summit to Minnehaha
- Mackubin bike lanes/bike boulevard from Summit to Minnehaha
- Marshall bike lanes/share the road from Snelling to Summit
- Minnehaha fill gap between Lexington and Dale

#### Pedestrian Priorities

- Streets leading to ends of station platforms
- Bridge enhancements

### Corridor-Wide Needs

- Year-round maintenance
- Wayfinding
- Bike/Ped programming and staff



## **Some Planning Questions for HVW Workshops**

- Where could bike parking (racks and lockers) be located within the Station Areas? Are there opportunities to collaborate with specific businesses/organizations here?
- How can biking and walking be more safe and comfortable in the larger Station Area (approximately 1/4 mile radius)?
- Could bike or pedestrian wayfinding be combined or branded to create a unique sense of place? For example, the Raymond Station Area might have an "Arts Trail" to lead people through the Arts District near the station.
- How do bike/ped recommendations and public realm or open space concepts overlap?
- How can bike and pedestrian routes serve both transportation and recreation purposes?